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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/798,845	03/12/2004	Klaus Lidolt	03100199AA	5020
	7590 03/06/2009 CURTIS & CHRISTOFFERSON & COOK, P.C.		EXAMINER	
11491 SUNSET HILLS ROAD			JACKSON, BRANDON LEE	
SUITE 340 RESTON, VA 20190			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3772	
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			03/06/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/798,845	LIDOLT ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	BRANDON JACKSON	3772
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	opears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING IT Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO .136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tild d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 of 2a) This action is FINAL . Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matters, pr	
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 1 and 3-15 is/are pending in the approach 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrays 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1 and 3-15 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	awn from consideration.	
<u> </u>		
 9) The specification is objected to by the Examin 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ac Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examin 11. 	ccepted or b) objected to by the e drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se ction is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ejected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documer 2. Certified copies of the priority documer 3. Copies of the certified copies of the pri application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applicat ority documents have been receiv au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal I 6) Other:	ate

DETAILED ACTION

This Office Action is in response to amendments/arguments filed 10/29/2008.

Currently, claims 1 and 2-15 are pending in the instant application.

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 10/29/2008 has been entered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim 9 recites the limitation "the locking pin" in line 3. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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Art Unit: 3772

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* **v.** *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 1, 3-5, 7, 9, 11-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nijenbanning et al. (US Patent 6,979,304) in view of Woo (US Patent 6,462,431). Nijenbanning discloses an orthopedic aid (fig. 1) that is used for walking and providing a support function for the human body (2), comprising two parts (12,14) which are movable relative to one another, and a locking device (30) for locking the two parts (12,14) relative to one another. The locking device (30) is actuated (col. 1, lines 33-39) electromechanically to permit unlocking via handgrip (20). Nijenbanning fails to disclose a means for detecting the locking state and a means for alerting a user of the locking state. However, Woo discloses a remote locking device (50) comprising wireless controller (130), a means (112) for detecting the locking state (col. 3, lines 42-46), and a LED (122) that emits a visual signal to alert the user to a locked or unlocked state. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the Nijenbanning device with a wireless controller to prevent tangling of the wire during usage, a means for detecting the locking state, and an LED to signal to the user to the locking state and prevent further injury by unexpected movement or non-movement of the device, as taught by Woo.

The Nijenbanning/Woo device teaches a signaling arrangement, which is the LED (122). The detecting means (112) electrically scans the locking state and generates an electric signal (fig. 3) as a function of the locking state.

Claims 6 and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nijenbanning/Woo as applied to claim 1 above and further in view of Stark et al. (US Patent 6,184,797) and Doty (US Patent 7,235,058). Nijenbanning/Woo fails to disclose a locking pin arranged to be drawn into a magnet coil to permit unlocking. However, Stark discloses an orthopedic aid (2") with two parts (6ab", 6aa") which are movable relative to one another and with a locking device (21a) for locking the two parts (6ab", 6aa"), and a stator coil (45a) that can have a current pass through it to create a magnetic field to attract the brake and lock the hinge (21a) in place. Doty teaches a hinge (20) comprising a movable locking pin (106) that locks the hinge (20) in place. Therefore, it would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to Nijenbanning/Woo locking device to have a locking pin that is movable via a magnetic coil, as taught by Doty, instead of the current locking device in order to prevent slippage of the hinge when it is intended to be in the locked position.

Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over

Nijenbanning/Woo/Stark/Doty as applied to claims 1, 6, and 8 above, and further in view

of Naft et al. (U.S. Patent Application Publication 2002/0183673).

Nijenbanning/Woo/Stark/Doty substantially discloses the invention as claimed, see
rejection of claims 1, 6, and 8 above, however Nijenbanning/Woo/Stark/Doty fails to

disclose an electromagnetic actuating arrangement with a low actuating force of not

more than 2N; the locking mechanism cannot be unlocked by the actuating arrangement on account of frictional forces. However, Naft teaches an electromagnetic arrangement that operates at with relatively low electromagnetic attraction forces (paragraph 0050, lines 1-5). Therefore, it would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the joint of Nijenbanning/Woo/Stark/Doty with that taught by Naft in order to allow the joint to operate with low power consumption from the battery.

Claim 15 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nijenbanning/Woo as applied to claims 1, 11, and 13 above, and further in view of Stark (US Patent 6,184,797). Nijenbanning/Woo fails to disclose the handgrip of the walking aid is provided with a vibrator that can be actuated by the signal of the signaling arrangement. Stark teaches a vibrator (77) as a means of alerting the user instead of a visual or audio. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to substitute a vibrator for the LED in order to provide signaling for those that are visually of hearing impaired.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to BRANDON JACKSON whose telephone number is (571)272-3414. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday 8-5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Patricia Bianco can be reached on (571)272-4940. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Art Unit: 3772

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Brandon Jackson/ Examiner, Art Unit 3772

BLJ

/Patricia Bianco/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3772